(XXIXth YEAR.) THE (No. 1472.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1773.

AMSTERDAM, *July* 10.

LETTERS from Batavia, of the 16th of September last, advise, that on the 12th of August they observed, at midnight, a bright cloud, that covered the mountain in the district of Cheribon, and at the same time several reports were heard, like those of guns; that the people who dwelt on the top, and at the foot of the mountain, not having been able to fly fast enough, a great part of almost three leagues in circumference, detached itself from the rest, and sunk under them; afterwards it was seen rising and falling like the rolling waves of the sea, and emitted globes of fire so luminous, that they were seen from afar, which rendered the night as clear as day; the losses occasioned by these phænomena were the more considerable and melancholy, as 2140 persons, both foreigners as well as natives, lost their lives; 1500 head of cattle perished, and a great number of horses, goats, and fowls of every kind; 39 negro habitations were destroyed; the plantations of coffee, indigo, &c. buried in the earth; in the district of Panimbam, where this mountain is situated, there remained only a fifth part of its inhabitants, and that the devastation occasioned by this accident was felt at the distance of seven leagues round.

PARIS, *July* 23. An ordinance is lately issued here, to clear up the doubts which had lately arisen, whether cotton velvets, and other cotton stuffs, coming from other foreign countries besides England, as also foreign stuffs, fabricated with any other materials, were to be obliged to pass the offices of Calais and St. Valery, and pay the duty of 30 per cent. made payable on all velvets, cottons and other stuffs entering the ports of Calais and St. Valery, where they are to be sealed with a seal as prescribed by an arret dated February 17, 1688, and to pay 30 per cent. of their value.—This new ordinance declares, that all velvets and cotton stuffs that shall be found in the kingdom without the seal on them and the mark of the manufacturer, prescribed by an arret of February 17, 1688, shall be seised and confiscated, and a fine of three thousand livres levied on the person in whose custody they shall be found, pursuant to two arrets of July 3, 1692, and March 17, 1731. And further this new edict declares, that all English velvets and cotton stuffs, as well as all other stuffs of the manufacture of this country, shall be prohibited from admission into France, under the penalty of seizure of the goods and fine of 3000 livres.

July 30. The archbishop of Bourdeaux has given an instance of benevolence to the world, which few people, we fear, will be willing to imitate. Being informed that the greatest distress prevailed in the city of Bourdeaux, on account of the scarcity and dearness of provisions; in order to lessen it as much as possible, he immediately retrenched all the superfluities of his table and other expences, and distributed the savings (about 100 crowns a day) amongst the most needy of the people. More was not in his power to do; and by doing all that he could, he has set an example of singular charity to the rich and opulent of this and every other country.

Aug. 10. They write from Crespi, in Valois, that on the 29th of July, at half after eight in the evening, the air serene and calm, and the moon very brilliant, approaching to the north west, a meteor appeared in the south, in the form of a globe, to which was affixed a tail placed vertically; the light reflected by it was so considerable as to obscure that of the moon for some short space, after which the meteor began to decrease in splendor, and tended towards the earth, and about seven minutes after a noise was heard equal to the sound of the largest cannon, and caused such a commotion as to shake the glasses and other moveable bodies in all the houses. The same meteor was seen about the same time at Paris, but they heard nothing of the explosion.

BARCELONA, *July* 18. Some days past we had an execution here, and the priest asking one of the malefactors; who was not of the popish communion, what persuasion he died in, he replied, I die in full persuasion that all mankind are knaves. The priest did not enquire any farther.

STOCKHOLM, *July* 27. The king has resolved to increase the punishments which were formerly inflicted by the laws on such advocates as engaged pleaders to undertake unjust and ruinous causes. Such persons heretofore were only reprimanded; but for the future those who shall by such practice, violate the honour of their profession, are to receive corporal punishment.

WARSAW, *Aug.* 2. Last Saturday sentence was expected to have been passed on the persons accused of being concerned in the plot against his majesty's life. The hall of justice was crouded with people of all ranks and sexes, when his majesty unexpectedly appeared, and harangued the commissioners in a very nervous and moving speech, which drew tears from the whole audience, and is worthy of being recorded, as it shews his religion, humanity, and generosity. The following is the substance of his speech: "It is true that a regicide ought never to be pardoned; for as the fate of the whole nation depends upon the prince, he that makes an attempt upon the prince makes an attempt upon the whole nation; but as, during these six years, the Polish nation has been in the utmost confusion, and the greatest misfortune, the supreme authority was the matter of dispute; a confederacy was formed, which blindly bore arms against their king and father, meaning, at the same time, that they were opposing a tyrant; the subjects following their chiefs for no other reason than to preserve their country and their liberty, and being also forced to it, cannot be looked upon but as subjects and soldiers, and therefore pardonable; that the chiefs themselves, some of them led by their mistaken notions, and others by treacherous views, ought to be punished with the utmost severity; but as he himself was the person injured, and the accuser, he insisted that not one of his subjects should suffer for his sake, for he freely forgave them all their black designs against him; but this pardon he does not grant as by royal authority, to shew his power, but he pardons them as a christian, that when he bows his knees before the throne of mercy, he may be able to say, with a clear and unspotted conscience, "forgive my trespasses as I for-"give them that trespass against me." The passing sentence was postponed, and the king again earnestly requested the commissioners not only to spare the lives of the criminals, but even to acquit them, as he forgave them all, present or not present. But still we do not know how this matter will end.

Aug. 11. The negotiation between the Prussians and the city of Dantzic is farther from being concluded than we had imagined. The Prussians, on their side, insist upon always having a guard of fifty men at the port called Fahrawsser, with an exemption from all duties for the passage of their merchandizes, and a duty of 300,000 crowns per annum for the revenues of the port: or, if the city is not willing to be subject to this duty, Prussian cashiers shall be placed at the port, authorised to receive, on account of the king, the fifth part of the whole revenue.

The city, on the contrary, demands the unlimitted freedom of its own port, of its commerce on the Vistula, and of the ecclesiastical funds within its territory, and is willing to redeem all these things by a sum paid down once for all. The citizens wait with impatience the issue of these negotiations; but they do not appear disposed to abate any thing of the above terms.

BERLIN, *Aug.* 7. By the motions that have been observed amongst our troops, at different times, within these last eighteen months, and by the warlike preparations which have been carried on through all his Prussian majesty's dominions during that time, it seems past all doubt that peace will not continue long. All the new troops are ordered into the different fortifications, and the old ones have received orders to march towards the Polish territories. Magazines are forming in such abundance that a war of ten years continuance would not consume them; and within this fortnight orders have been given for altering all the soldiers muskets to enable them to fire more expeditiously, and that their shot may do execution at a greater distance.

From the DANUBE, *Aug* 11. We have a confirmation, from very good hands, that the loss of the Russians, near Silestria, has been greater than was at first given out; it is even assured, that the Ottomans, encouraged by that success, which they have paid dearly for, have, in their turn, passed the Danube; that they have attacked and routed the left wing of count Romanzow's army, but that the want of provisions had obliged them to repass that river.

VIENNA, *Aug.* 12. No situation can be more critical than that of the Czarina's forces under marshal Romanzow; the check they lately met with from the Turks near Silestria, may be succeeded by very extraordinary events; the Russians ever accustomed to conquer since the days of Peter the Great, must, in their turn let us see how this repassage of the Danube, after the action in the vicinity of Silestria, will operate upon their own spirits. We shall now observe if they can bear that defeat with firmness; the Turk like a man of admirable fortitude and foresight, wisely rejected the distressing, the humiliating terms of peace, offered by Mon. Obrescow at Bucharest; trusting perhaps in the equity of his cause, and much more in the natural strength of the country through which the Muscovites must pass before they enjoy a view of Constantinople; hitherto he has acted with sound policy and examplary constancy. The Sultan Mustapha, now the Czarina's forces have been repelled, has resources which his adversary is at present in great distress to obtain; the flower of the Russian soldiery is greatly diminished, and the Empress's finances so much reduced as to be incapable of negotiating a loan in any of the monied towns of Germany and Holland. These circumstances lead us to conclude that she will, somewhat like her predecessor the Czar Peter, very much against her inclination, consent to a pacification and abandon her favourite object, a free navigation of the Black Sea into the Mediterranean. Be the terms what they may, the Emperor of Germany, who is not yet returned hither from his late secret expedition, will, on the conclusion of a peace between these powers, recover a considerable part of the Austrian territories, that have been formerly conquered by the Ottomans, and they will be ceded to him by the Grand Signior.

HAGUE, *Aug.* 18. Prince Gallitzin, chamberlain of the empress of Russia, and her imperial majesty's envoy extraordinary to this republick, has received the following letter from Count de Romanzow, dated from the camp before Gourabala, July 13, N. S.

"I delayed, sir, to inform you of the particulars of my passage over the Danube until my return from thence. You will find the circumstances of it in the enclosed journal. During two weeks we have been engaged with the enemy, because they kept not only before us but also behind us in the defiles, or on uneven intersected ground. On every side we obliged them to abandon their positions and fields of battle, which were all intrenched.

"On having received advice, by some prisoners, which was confirmed through another channel, that the Grand Visir had retired to Baleau, and that he had no more men with him than were necessary for the security of his person, having sent all his troops against us, I repassed the Danube, for I saw no possibility of procuring subsistance for the cavalry on the other side of that river. I have day by day made marches of four wersts, which are not quite two leagues, with drums beating and colours flying, and yet the enemy did not dare to appear; and am returned here without having lost a man in the passage, or a baggage waggon.

"Although all these advantages, considered in themselves, are very important, after that all the forces which the enemy could bring against ours were defeated and dispersed, nevertheless I consider them of little consequence, in comparison of the loss we have sustained in the person of the brave general Weissman. He is universally regretted, but by me more than by any other person. As, after having beaten his enemy, he died like a hero, his fate ought to be envied by all who pursue our career. In this consists our only consolation, and of every other person, that we know how to prize his merit."

Aug. 27. A convention was concluded on the 28th of last month, between the states-general and the court of Versailles, for reciprocally exempting their subjects from the droit d'Aubaine, similar to what that court has within these two years agreed to with many others of its neighbours.

COPENHAGEN, *Aug.* 19. Couriers pass frequently between this court and that of London. It is conjectured on one side, that a reconciliation is on foot between the king and queen Caroline Matilda; on the other hand it is presumed, that his Britannick majesty is endeavouring to prevail on our court to renounce in his favour the counties of Oldenburgh and Delmenhorst, as also the Lordship of Pinneberg.

LONDON,

August 3. A malcontent was lamenting the other day, that the patriot Mr. Cornwall was now pensioned and gone over to the court, and he did not doubt, he said, of seeing shortly the name of every patriot left in the Irish or English list of pensioners. How unreasonable are your complaints! says a by-stander; the other day you were in the dumps because the patriots were proscribed at court, as you called it, and now you are half disposed to talk treason, because the king is likely to have none but patriots about his throne.

It is said that five pound bank notes are to be issued in some degree to remedy the present distress about the gold coin.

August 12. They write from Paris, that two eminent manufacturers in the woollen branch were lately arrested by an exempt, and lodged in the common prison, on an information that both were engaged in the service of the king of Denmark, and speedily intended to embark for Copenhagen, and carry with them some of the best workmen out of the kingdom.

The pope has refused to consecrate a banner under which the Spaniards are to march to utterly extirpate the brave Chilisians.

Prince Ernest of Mecklenburgh, brother to the queen, it is said is once more on the point of visiting England, from whence it is actually settled that his highness shall convey one of the finest heiresses in this country to enrich the principality of Mecklenburgh Strelitz.

At length the patriotic wishes of Sir Robert Fletcher, one of the commanders of the East-India forces, are complied with. He is dismissed from his office, and succeeded by Thomas Smith, Esq; Sir Robert complained, that by his too great attention to the affairs of the East-India company, he was prevented from doing his duty to his country in parliament. Mr. Dupree, willing to restore so great an orator and patriot to the house of commons, has now given him full leisure to exert all his abilities in St. Stephen's chapel.

'Tis to be hoped his country will consider the great sacrifice Sir Robert has made, and reward a man who has sacrificed an annual income of 20,000l. to manifest a conduct so noble and disinterested.

Aug. 18. This day his majesty was pleased to invest the earl of Northington with the ensigns of the most ancient and most noble order of the thistle.

His majesty having signed the several instruments for that purpose, which were presented to the sovereign by Robert Quarme, Esq; gentleman usher of the green

rod, (in the abſence of the ſecretary) the Earl of Northington was then called into the royal preſence, being preceded by the earl of Carliſle, one of the knights companions of the thiſtle; Mr. Brodie, principal herald of Scotland, (in place of the gentleman uſher of the green rod) carrying the ſword of ſtate. At the entrance a low reverence was made, a ſecond about the middle, and, on being advanced up to the ſovereign, a third. His lordſhip being preſented by the earl of Carliſle, and kneeling down, the herald drew the ſword, and, kneeling, delivered it to the ſovereign, who thereupon knighted his lordſhip; the earl, having kiſſed his majeſty's hand, roſe up, and green rod adminiſtered the oath to his lordſhip; then green rod, having received the enſigns of the order, preſented the ſame (kneeling) to the ſovereign, upon a velvet cuſhion, who put the ribbon over the earl's left ſhoulder, who, kneeling down, had again the honour of kiſſing his Majeſty's hand; after this his lordſhip roſe up, and making a low reverence, withdrew in the ſame manner as he had entered.

The ceremony was performed ſoon after the levee, in his majeſty's cloſet, ſeveral of the great officers of the court being preſent.

His majeſty having been pleaſed to comply with the requeſt of the king of Sweden, to inveſt the baron de Nolcken, his Swediſh majeſty's envoy extraordinary at this court, with the enſigns of the order of the polar ſtar, of which order his Swediſh majeſty has been graciouſly pleaſed to nominate him a knight and commander, the baron had accordingly an audience of his majeſty this day, to which he was introduced by the earl of Suffolk, one of his majeſty's principal ſecretaries of ſtate, and, after having made the uſual reverences on entering the royal preſence, he kneeled down before the king; his majeſty then took the ſword of ſtate, and performed the ceremony of knighting him therewith; after which his majeſty took the ribbon of the order, and inveſted him with it: this being done, the baron roſe up, and his majeſty was graciouſly pleaſed to congratulate him on this diſtinguiſhed mark of his ſovereign's approbation; the baron then returned his thanks in the moſt reſpectful manner to his majeſty, and retired, obſerving the ſame ceremony as on entering into his majeſty's preſence.

Auguſt 20. It is ſaid that the French have declared war againſt the Tuniſians.

Commodore M'Kenzie is not to have the command in India, as it has been reported. That worthy officer had the promiſe of the king, but the refuſal of Lord Sandwich.

Auguſt 30. Letters by the mails received mention, that it is no longer a ſecret whither the king of Pruſſia is gone, for that on the 16th inſtant he ſet out, accompanied by the prince and prince Frederick of Brunſwick, together with major general d'Ahhal, his majeſty's general Aid de Camp for Silеſia. The next morning he was followed by lieut. general de Buddenbrock, and by the count de Rouſs, miniſter of ſtate and of war.

Extract of a letter from Legborn, Aug. 7.

"By ſome veſſels juſt arrived in our road from the Black Sea, we have learned the following intelligence, of which they were witneſſes. On Sunday the 4th of July laſt, five Turkiſh veſſels of 24 and 27 guns, on board of one of which was the commanding Baſſa of the Turkiſh fleet, together with a Chebec of 24 guns, met with two ſmall Ruſſian veſſels, of 14 guns each, commanded by the Sieur Kinſbergh, who had no more than 150 men on board. No ſooner had the Turks diſcovered theſe two veſſels, than they ſent a meſſenger (a Frenchman) to the Ruſſian commander, deſiring that he would ſurrender, as he could not poſſibly withſtand ſix ſhips, any one of which was able to beat him. The Ruſſian commanding officer made anſwer, that ſurrendering was not his office but fighting, and he was ready to receive them. A battle enſued, and the Ruſſians fired ſo briſkly upon the ſails, ropes, and maſts, that after four hours engagement the Turks were obliged to ſheer off; and the Ruſſians kept themſelves ready, expecting another attack; but the Turks did not return, and made uſe of the opportunity to eſcape. The Ruſſians loſt 40 men, and the Turks are ſuppoſed to have loſt above 200."

Authentic letters juſt received from Paris, declare, that the chevalier Grenier, is going out with a ſmall ſquadron from Breſt to the Eaſt-Indies, upon a ſecret expedition.

The above officer is juſt returned to France from making a voyage into the Indian Seas, in conſequence of a propoſal he made to the French miniſter about three years ſince, the iſſue of which was, that he diſcovered a new paſſage from the Iſle of France to the coaſt of Coromandel and China, which ſhortened the voyage near 1000 leagues. This important circumſtance was a ſhort time ſince, by order of the French king, laid before the royal academy of ſciences at Paris, the members of which, after examining the chevalier's journals, &c. gave as their opinion his diſcovery would turn out of great utility in the nautical world, as the new rout was not only practicable during the latter monſoon, or from October to April, but that it was free from any remarkable danger, even if a large fleet ſhould attempt it.

Letters from Conſtantinople ſay, that they are in no dread of a viſit from the Ruſſians ſince their ill ſucceſs in the two laſt engagements, when they were obliged to repaſs the Danube, with very great loſs of brave officers as well as ſoldiers.

They write from Toulon, that the armaments at that port, which have been diſcontinued ſome months, are again ordered to be continued by direction of the ſuperintendants of a marine department, but on what account they are commenced is difficult to determine.

The wheat harveſt is remarkably fine about Grayes in Eſſex, and ſo forward, that it is expected to be all got in by Sunday evening, if the weather ſhould continue fine.

Saturday morning the fineſt pieces of roaſting beef were ſold in Newgate market at 2s. 8d. the ſtone, and other meat much cheaper.

Auguſt 31. Letters from Liſbon, by the Gibraltar man of war, Capt. Rich, who arrived laſt Friday at Portſmouth, bring an account that the court of Spain have demanded of the court of Portugal a fleet of men of war, which are to conſiſt of ten ſail of the line and five frigates, to aſſiſt them againſt the Moors: which demand is to be complied with upon certain conditions, that they pay the officers and ſailors their wages, and that as ſoon as the war is finiſhed with the Barbarians, they ſend home their ſhips, and not employ them againſt any European power.

Extract of a letter from Jamaica, July 10.

"The Spaniards ſtill continue fortifying and ſtrengthening every place of theirs in the Weſt-Indies, and America, eſpecially on the Iſlands of Cuba, and Hiſpaniola, where new fortifications and works are raiſing up daily, and ſeveral bodies of troops have lately arrived there from old Spain. The Spaniſh naval force now in the Weſt-Indies, is known to amount to thirty ſhips of the line, moſt of them large veſſels beſides frigates, ſloops, &c. In ſhort, the Spaniards ſeem reſolved (if not to act on the offenſive part) to be every way in a ſtate of defence."

Lord Chatham, we hear, has had a Pruſſian nobleman upon a viſit to him for ſome weeks, and it is ſaid they have been travelling about the country together.

It is reported that the late Lord Littleton has left ſeveral valuable tracts on different ſubjects, which it is hoped will be given to the publick when collected together.

Orders are given from the war office for a general muſter and return of the militia in every county of this kingdom, and for all vacancies in them to be immediately filled up.

Extract of a letter from Spithead, Aug. 29.

"This morning arrived here, with an expreſs from Jamaica, the Princeſs Amelia man of war, Sir Thomas Berkley commander, who immediately ſet out for London. And the ſame day arrived the Adriatick, Capt. Max, and the Fox, Capt. Norman, both tranſports from Quebec."

By a private letter from St. Anne's in Jamaica we learn, that their ſugar crops were never more favourable than this year; that they will load, before the 25th of July, double the number of ſhips they had ever done before; and that next year there will be opened two additional ſhipping ports.

Sept. 1. Some very important matters are on the carpet, the affairs of the powers on the continent are coming to a criſis, and it ſeems as if our court doubted it may be a diſagreeable one. All the foreign governors are ordered to their ſtations, and are preparing to depart, and the ambaſſador to France is in motion.

It is confidently reported at Paris that the Spaniards have declared to the French court their abſolute intentions of aſſiſting the Turks, even in caſe that court ſhould refuſe their concurrence.

We hear that a certain American governor concluded a letter which he lately wrote to one of the ſecretaries of ſtate with theſe remarkable words: "I now perceive nothing will re eſtabliſh my authority, therefore I beg to be recalled, and that ſpeedily, otherwiſe I may probably be ſoon called to another world."

Within this week, we are told, orders have been ſent to our ambaſſadors now reſident at all the European courts, to ſpare no pains or expences to diſcover every tranſaction that may be likely to affect Great-Britain, and to ſend the earlieſt intelligence of it here.

They write from Lille, that a young lady of immenſe fortune has juſt eſcaped from a convent there with her confeſſor.

We hear that an additional duty, almoſt amounting to a prohibition, will be laid on French wines of all kinds imported into this kingdom.

A letter from Turin, dated July 6, ſays, "On the 25th ult. at one o'clock in the afternoon, a magazine of powder, which the king of Sardinia keeps at Chamberry for the uſe of the public, took fire, and though it contained but ſix barrels, the exploſion was ſo great that part of the city walls, and ſeveral neighbouring houſes, at fifty yards diſtance, were thrown down, many others were ſhaken, eighteen perſons periſhed in the ruins, and numbers were very much wounded."

A gentleman who left Dublin on Tueſday ſe'nnight gives an account of a very great riot that happened there the day before. The Iriſh manufacturers (connived at by the maſters) have for ſome time paſt behaved with great inſolence to thoſe who wore cloaths of any other than their own manufacture. Ladies have had muſlin gowns cut to pieces in the ſtreets. Several gentlemen, with nankeen waiſtcoats and breeches, have had both cut to pieces, and obliged to go home naked. One day the week before the rioters ſtopped a poſt-chaiſe, and took out a gentleman from between two ladies, and after diſrobing him of his nankeen waiſtcoat and breeches, put him into the chaiſe again. Such has been the exploits for a week or two paſt; but that day it was reſolved to make a public proceſſion, and figures were dreſſed up repreſenting Captain Nankeen and Miſs Muſlin. The figures were carried through the ſtreets of Dublin, attended by a moſt riotous and inſolent mob, in order to be hanged at the common gallows. The military were called out to keep the peace, and the lord mayor at their head met the rioters in Francis ſtreet. Nothing could prevail upon them to diſperſe, and at laſt ſome of them (for great numbers were armed with piſtols and cutlaſſes) fired upon the ſoldiers. The word was then given, and the ſoldiers fired and killed ſeven upon the ſpot, and wounded twelve others, who are not expected to live.—The gentleman from whom we have this intelligence ſaw the dead carried off. The mob afterwards broke the windows of one of the ſheriffs, and a guard of Highlanders were poſted at the mayor's houſe, to prevent the like outrage there.

Orders are given to the commanding officers of the three regiments of foot guards for compleating the ſame to their full eſtabliſhment, in the room of the old men, who have been lately diſmiſſed from their ſervice.

Two Spaniſh men of war, and ſix galleons richly laden, are arrived at Cadiz.

Such has been the emigration from Ireland of late, on account of the great decreaſe of the linen manufacture, &c. that we are informed, by a gentleman of veracity juſt arrived from Philadelphia, that in the courſe of laſt year there have been landed there, from only two ports in the north of Ireland, no leſs than 12,000 families.

Sept. 2. The Spaniards know no better method to oppreſs and harraſs the rich kingdom of Naples, than by erecting ſeveral courts of juſtice, with a ſmall penſion to ſuch as ſit at the head of them; ſo that they are tempted to take bribes, keep cauſes undecided, encourage law-ſuits, and do all they can to fleece the people, in order to ſupport their own dignity. There cannot be a better ſcheme to drain Bengal of the laſt rupee, than to ſend among a licentious and luxurious people, a ſet of wrangling lawyers, who will ſoon ſhare the wealth of the province with the directors of the India company and their ſervants.

Our great and wiſe miniſters are at length, it is ſaid, brought to their ſenſes; the warm oppoſition their meaſures have met with on the other ſide of the water, compelling them to acknowledge that they have ſtrained the bow far beyond their original intention.

However the good-natured part of the public may be diſpoſed to wiſh an accommodation between a royal northern pair, it is aſſerted by the knowing ones, that no ſuch ſtep has ever yet been in contemplation, nor from the nature of things ever can be effected.

It is ſaid, from private diſpatches, that the late ſucceſsful attack of the Turks on a part of the Ruſſian forces, has ſo abundantly raiſed their ſpirits as to bid fair for future victories.

The Czarina, whoſe pride and ambition is gratified by having herſelf conſidered as the ſole agitator of the preſent martial manœuvres on the continent, is nevertheleſs, we are aſſured, merely a cat's paw to a certain artful and high-reaching monarch, who has been heard to boaſt of his talents for fomenting and appeaſing national differences at will.

ANNAPOLIS, NOVEMBER 25.

The Engliſh prints, which we have been favoured by the packet, give an account of the ſafe arrival of the Annapolis at her moorings the 31ſt of Auguſt. Captain Eden writes his intention of ſailing again for this province about the 25th of September, he may be therefore hourly expected—ſhould he arrive ſafe, and the weather keep open, the Annapolis will ſoon ſail again for England, and return here early in the ſummer.

By the papers of the 1ſt of September we are informed alſo, that the Richmond, Captain Love, was arrived ſafe at Dover, with whom went paſſengers Col. Sharpe, our late governor, and Mrs. Ogle.

ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS REWARD.

LOST, and ſuppoſed to be STOLEN

A LARGE folio book, covered with green vellum, containing part of the ineſtimable records of the HOMONY CLUB——Whoever finds the ſaid record, provided he is not a member, and brings it to Mrs. Howard at the coffee-houſe, cloſe ſealed up, and makes oath before ſome magiſtrate that he or ſhe came honeſtly by it, and that they have neither inſpected the contents, nor ſuffered any other perſon ſo to do, ſhall receive the above reward, or fifty pounds ſterling for the book, and no queſtions aſked——

By order of the club,

THE SECRETARY.

Annapolis, November 23, 1773.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Walter Dulany, Eſq; deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate payment; thoſe indebted by bonds or notes, who cannot comply with the above, are deſired to renew without loſs of time, as otherwiſe they will be put in ſuit. They who have any claims are to bring them in proved as the law directs, to

3w DANIEL DULANY, jun. adminiſtrator.

Annapolis, November 23, 1773.

ALL perſons who have any demands againſt the eſtate of Robert Pinkney, late of this city, deceaſed, are deſired to bring their accounts in legally proved, that they may be adjuſted, and all thoſe indebted to the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to make immediate payment, to

PRISCILLA PINKNEY, Adminiſtratrix.
JONATHAN PINKNEY, Adminiſtrator.

N. B. The times of ſeveral valuable Tailors to be diſpoſed of.

Anne-Arundel county, November 22, 1773.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the land adverti ſed in this gazette, No. 1468, to be ſold by Nathaniel Waters on the 27th inſtant, will not be ſold at the time therein mentioned, but put off to a future day, when notice thereof will be given.

Herring-bay, November 22, 1773.

THE ſchooner BELVIDERE will ſail for Philadelphia about the 5th of December next, and is to return from thence immediately: any gentleman having goods to bring from there to Patuxent, or any part near this place, by leaving their orders with Mr. William Wilkins at Annapolis, or Mr. Hollingſworth of Philadelphia, may depend on having them punctually executed, by

Their humble ſervants,

4w WEEMS and MORTON.

November 22, 1773.

THERE is at the plantation of Mr. John Hammond, ſituate mid-way between the head of Severn and Elk-Ridge, taken up as a ſtray, a ſmall black mare, about 12 hands high, branded on the near ſhoulder thus H, which paces, trots and gallops, and appears to be about 5 years old. The owner may have her again, on proving property and paying charges.

3w JAMES WATTS.

Anne-Arundel county, November, 23, 1773.

THERE is at the plantation of James Wallingſford, taken up as a ſtray, a bay horſe, about 12 and an half hands high, 10 years old, branded on the near ſhoulder and buttock O, has a ſtanding mane, ſeveral white ſpots on his back, paces, trots and gallops. The owner may have him again, proving property and paying charges. w3

November 18, 1773.

By the committee of grievances and courts of juſtice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the committee will attend every day, during this ſeſſion, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at the aſſembly room, in order to hear ſuch matters as may come properly before them.

Signed by order of the committee,

JOHN COURTS JONES, Clk.

November 10, 1773.

Agreeable to a power from Henry Truman, to be ſold by the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes, the ſecond Tueſday in December next, to the higheſt bidder, for ſterling caſh, or good London bills of exchange,

A VALUABLE tract of land, containing within its boundaries about 300 acres, lying in the lower part of Prince George's county, on which is a tolerable good dwelling houſe with two brick chimnies, and other out houſes, a good orchard, and a quantity of exceeding good meadow land.

w3 ALEX. HOWARD MAGRUDER.

Charles county, November 10, 1773.

To be ſold, for caſh and good London bills, on Wedneſday the eighth day of December next, at the late dwelling plantation of Gerard Neal, deceaſed, in Cob-Neck,

A PARCEL of very likely country born ſlaves, conſiſting of men, women, boys and girls, and among them a good houſe carpenter. The ſale to begin at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and continue till all are ſold.

w3 ANN NEAL, executrix.

To be ſold, for ready money or ſhort credit, on the firſt day of December next, at the late dwelling plantation of John White, deceaſed, on the head of South river, near Ducker's mill,

A PARCEL of houſhold furniture, horſes, cattle, hogs, ſheep tobacco and corn, &c. The ſale to begin at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and continue till all are ſold.

2w JOSHUA RIDGELY, } adminiſtrators.
CORNELIUS BARRY, }

N. B. All perſons indebted to the ſaid eſtate are deſired to make immediate payment, and thoſe who have accounts againſt the ſame are deſired to bring them in regularly proved, that they may be ſettled.

THE ſubſcriber takes this method to inform the publick, that he has furniſhed himſelf with every thing neceſſary for the accomodation of travellers and others, and has opened a tavern on the north ſide of Severn river, in the houſe formerly kept by Mr. Page; where his beſt endeavours ſhall be exerted to oblige all who may think proper to favour him with their cuſtom.

4w JOHN ROWLINS,

N. B. Said Rowlins and Barnes, carry on their buſineſs as uſual, and hope for encouragement from the public.

FOR LONDON,

The ſhip MORNING STAR, George Dempſter maſter, lying at Baltimore,

TAKES in tobacco on liberty of conſignment, at ſeven pounds per ton. For freight or paſſage apply to

w3 JAMES CHRISTIE, junior.

THERE is at the plantation of George Sexton, near Frederick-Town in Frederick county, a ſmall white mare, branded on the near ſhoulder SH, on the off thigh M, ſhod before, had a ſmall bell and a pair of iron ſpancels on. The owner may have her, proving property and paying charges.

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY

For raiſing the ſum of five hundred and ſix pounds five ſhillings, to be laid out in building a market-houſe in Cheſter-Town, and in repairing the town wharf, and erecting ferry ſtairs for the convenience of the public paſſing to and from Queen-Anne's county.

No. of Prizes.		Dollars.		Dollars.
1	of	1000	is	1000
1		500		500
2		250	are	500
4		100		400
10		50		500
50		20		1000
100		10		1000
800		5		4000
968 Prizes.			First drawn	50
1282 Blanks.			Laſt drawn	50
2250 Tickets, at 4 dollars each, are				9000

But a little more than one and a quarter blanks to a prize.

Fifteen per cent. to be deducted for the above purpoſes.

The neceſſity of repairing the town wharf, and building ferry ſtairs, for the convenience of the public, will be readily acknowledged——and the ruinous condition of the market-houſe, muſt induce every friend to the proſperity of the town or country, not only to wiſh, but to aſſiſt, in having it removed, and a neat and convenient edifice erected in its room. To effect theſe good purpoſes the above ſcheme is offered,——and it is preſumed a lottery ſo favourable to the adventurers, and inſtituted for ſuch good deſigns, cannot fail to meet with the favour and patronage of the public.

The drawing is to begin on the 22d day of February next, at the court-houſe in Cheſter-town, under the inſpection of the following gentlemen, who are appointed managers, and will give bond, and be on oath faithfully to diſcharge the truſt repoſed in them, viz. Thomas Smyth, Eleanor M'Comb, Col. Richard Lloyd, John Maxwell, John Voorhees, James Hynſon, John Page, Jeremiah Nicols, Thomas Ringgold, William Sluby, jun. and Dr. William Bordley. As ſoon as the drawing is finiſhed, the fortunate numbers will be publiſhed in the Annapolis, Baltimore and Philadelphia news papers, and the Prizes paid by the reſpective managers who ſigned the tickets.

Tickets may be had of the managers, and of Meſſieurs Gilpin and Jurey of Kent county, of Meſſieurs Richard Tilghman Earle, & Co. of Meſſ. Hopper and Kent, and of Mr. Robert Brown, of Queen-Anne's county, of Mr. John Clapham, and Mr. Charles Wallace, at Annapolis, and of Mr. James Cheſton, at Baltimore.

WILLIAM AIKMAN,
BOOKSELLER and STATIONER,
ANNAPOLIS,

Has juſt imported, in the Betſey and Molly, Captain Nicholſon,

A LARGE collection of BOOKS on inſtructive and ornamental literature, containing a general aſſortment of all the Engliſh claſſicks, hiſtories, religion, miſcellanies, voyages, eſſays, novels, 150 different plays, Latin and Engliſh ſchool books, and all kinds of ſtationary——To be ſold at the London prices, for *caſh* only.

Books bound and re-bound in the neateſt manner and at the moſt reaſonable rates. Paper ruled and bound for ledgers, journals, &c. upon return if not done according to directions.

W. A. takes this opportunity of returning his moſt grateful thanks to the public for the great encouragement his circulating library has met with. The library at preſent conſiſts of upwards of 1200 volumes; there will be a large addition of the new publications and periodical papers ſubjoined to the catalogue upon the arrival of the firſt ſhip from London; and ſuch additions will be made from time to time, as will render the Annapolis library upon a footing, if not ſuperior, to any circulating library on the continent. Books lent out by the year, quarter, month, or night, at the prices affixed in the catalogue.

N. B. A conſiderable allowance will be given to dealers who take books in quantities. A large parcel of common bibles, and a few dozens beſt coloured balliſdine threads, to be ſold in wholeſale. 3 w

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RAN away from the ſubſcriber, about 18 month ago, a luſty ſtrong negro man named Hammets about 23 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, his noſe and upper lip grow cloſer together than common, owing to a hurt he had when a boy; he is ſuppoſed to frequent the quarters of Meſſ. Edward Gantt and Samuel Parran in Calvert county, as he has a brother at each of thoſe places. Whoever takes up the ſaid negro and brings him to the ſubſcriber living near Benedict-town on Patuxent river, ſhall receive a reward of five pounds currency from

6w JOHN PERRIE.

Saint Mary's county, Nov. 11, 1773.

COMMITTED to my cuſtody as runaways, two mulatto men, viz. James Phillis, about 26 years of age, 5 feet 4 inches high: has on and with him, one white ſhirt, three oſnabrig ditto, one linen coat, one fearnought ditto with metal buttons, one country cloth jacket, one pair of oſnabrig trouſers, a pair of oſnabrig breeches, yarn hoſe, a pair new ſhoes, an old hat, and ſays he belongs to Robert Dorman of Richmond county, Virginia. Ackby Sorrell, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 4 inches high: has on and with him, two oſnabrig ſhirts, one white ditto, one blue coat with metal buttons, country made fuſtian jacket, a pair of oſnabrig breeches, a pair of old fuſtian ditto, yarn hoſe, a pair of old ſhoes, a felt hat bound with worſted binding, and ſays he belongs to Richard Mitchell of Lancaſter county, Virginia. Their maſters are deſired to pay charges and take them away.

3 w HUGH HOPEWELL, ſheriff.

October 28, 1773.

STOLE out of the ſubſcriber's paſture, on Wedneſday the 14th of September, a black Mare, about thirteen hands and a half high, four years old, branded on the near buttock C H; ſhe has a large ſtar, and was with foal when taken away. Whoever will bring her to the ſubſcriber ſhall have 20 ſhillings reward.

CLEMENT HILL.

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED or ſtolen out of Joſeph Ennall's paſture, in Dorcheſter county, on Saturday night the 16th of October, 1773, a likely ſorrel horſe, about 14 hands high, 6 or 7 years old, with a large blaze in his face, both hind feet white half up the legs, hanging mane, ſwitch tail, paces and gallops. Whoever will bring the ſaid horſe to the ſubſcriber, at Ennall's ferry, in the ſaid county, ſhall receive the above reward of eight dollars, all reaſonable charges, paid by

w6 JOSEPH ENNALLS.

Annapolis, Sept. 19, 1773.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, laſt night about eight o'clock, an indented ſervant man, named Thomas Hoſkins, lately imported in the Lovely Kitty, Capt. Collwell Howard, is a bricklayer by trade, a ſtout well ſet man, about 28 years of age, fitted with the ſmall-pox, wears his own hair, and is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high: took with him a Jacket and breeches of light coloured bearſkin, with oſnabrig lining; he took alſo a new felt hat, a red ſtriped under jacket, dark blue yarn ſtockings, and copper buckles; he has a diſcharge from the army in the name of John Holloway, and without doubt will go by that name; he ſays he has a brother in Philadelphia, and 'tis ſuppoſed will make that way; 'tis thought he has a forged paſs. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant and delivers him to the ſubſcriber, or ſecures him in any jail ſo that he may get him again, ſhall receive five pounds reward, beſides what the law allows.

WILLIAM BUCKLAND.

A MAN that underſtands farming and making meadow, that will undertake the care of 12 hands, and bring proper recommendations of his knowledge and fidelity, may meet with encouragement, by applying to

tf DANIEL of SAINT THOMAS JENIFER.

TO BE LET

THE houſe and out houſes lately the Rev. Mr. Neill's, on Wye river, Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, together with a large garden, and two graſs lots in front, between the houſe and the river. The houſe is well built, of good brick, 33 feet ſquare, two ſtories, four rooms on each floor, with a commodious garret. A brick kitchen, 41 by 25, five rooms below, three above, very conveniently laid out for ſeveral uſeful purpoſes, three fireplaces below, and one above. A negro houſe, poultry houſe, ſtable, chaiſe houſe, and corn houſe. There are two orchards of very fine fruit, of which the tenant may have abundantly ſufficient for every uſe for his family. The ſituation is high, dry, healthy and very beautiful, being in full view of all the ſhipping trading in the river, and ſeveral fine ſeats. It has the advantages of very good fiſhing, fowling, and fine oyſters; in a good neighbourhood, about ſeven miles below the road from Philadelphia to Annapolis. A family at this place may either be quite retired, or enjoy the company of an agreeable ſet of acquaintance.

It ſhould ſeem to be particularly ſuitable to a gentleman of either of the genteel profeſſions, who has a family.

Apply to the ſubſcriber at his dwelling houſe near and in full view of the above.

4w E. TILGHMAN.

N. B. A very fine cellar under the whole in three diviſions, very well contrived.

Annapolis, October 12, 1773.

THE ſubſcriber underſtanding book-keeping in all its various methods, would be glad to appropriate the evenings of the enſuing ſeaſon to poſting or ſettling any merchant's or tradeſman's books; or engroſſing of writings for any private gentleman, or others, in any of the hands practiſed in England.

Thoſe who may have occaſion, and think proper to employ him, may depend on their buſineſs being executed in a neat and correct manner, by

Their humble ſervant,

3 w GEORGE RANKEN.

rod, (in the absence of the secretary) the Earl of Northington was then called into the royal presence, being preceded by the earl of Carlisle, one of the knights companions of the thistle; Mr. Brodie, principal herald of Scotland, (in place of the gentleman usher of the green rod) carrying the sword of state. At the entrance a low reverence was made; a second about the middle, and, on being advanced up to the sovereign, a third. His lordship being presented by the earl of Carlisle, and kneeling down, the herald drew the sword, and, kneeling, delivered it to the sovereign, who thereupon knighted his lordship; the earl, having kissed his majesty's hand, rose up, and green rod administered the oath to his lordship; then green rod, having received the ensigns of the order, presented the same (kneeling) to the sovereign, upon a velvet cushion, who put the ribbon over the earl's left shoulder, who, kneeling down, had again the honour of kissing his Majesty's hand; after this his lordship rose up, and making a low reverence, withdrew in the same manner as he had entered.

The ceremony was performed soon after the levee, in his majesty's closet, several of the great officers of the court being present.

His majesty having been pleased to comply with the request of the king of Sweden, to invest the baron de Nolcken, his Swedish majesty's envoy extraordinary at this court, with the ensigns of the order of the polar star, of which order his Swedish majesty has been graciously pleased to nominate him a knight and commander, the baron had accordingly an audience of his majesty this day, to which he was introduced by the earl of Suffolk, one of his majesty's principal secretaries of state, and, after having made the usual reverences on entering the royal presence, he kneeled down before the king; his majesty then took the sword of state, and performed the ceremony of knighting him therewith; after which his majesty took the ribbon of the order, and invested him with it; this being done, the baron rose up, and his majesty was graciously pleased to congratulate him on this distinguished mark of his sovereign's approbation; the baron then returned his thanks in the most respectful manner to his majesty, and retired, observing the same ceremony as on entering into his majesty's presence.

August 20. It is said that the French have declared war against the Tunnians.

Commodore M'Kenzie is not to have the command in India, as it has been reported. That worthy officer had the promise of the king, but the refusal of Lord Sandwich.

August 30. Letters by the mails received mention, that it is no longer a secret whither the king of Prussia is gone, for that on the 16th instant he set out, accompanied by the prince and prince Frederick of Brunswick, together with major general d'Ahlal, his majesty's general Aid de Camp for Silesia. The next morning he was followed by lieut. general de Buddenbrock, and by the count de Rouss, minister of state and of war.

Extract of a letter from Leghorn, Aug. 7.

"By some vessels just arrived in our road from the Black Sea, we have learned the following intelligence, of which they were witnesses. On Sunday the 4th of July last, five Turkish vessels of 24 and 27 guns, on board of one of which was the commanding Bassa of the Turkish fleet, together with a Chebec of 24 guns, met with two small Russian vessels, of 14 guns each, commanded by the Sieur Kinsbergh, who had no more than 250 men on board. No sooner had the Turks discovered these two vessels, than they sent a messenger (a Frenchman) to the Russian commander, desiring that he would surrender, as he could not possibly withstand six ships, any one of which was able to beat him. The Russian commanding officer made answer, that surrendering was not his office but fighting, and he was ready to receive them. A battle ensued, and the Russians fired so briskly upon the sails, ropes, and masts, that after four hours engagement the Turks were obliged to steer off; and the Russians kept themselves ready, expecting another attack; but the Turks did not return, and made use of the opportunity to escape. The Russians lost 40 men, and the Turks are supposed to have lost above 200."

Authentic letters just received from Paris, declare, that the chevalier Grenier is going out with a small squadron from Brest to the East-Indies, upon a secret expedition.

The above officer is just returned to France from making a voyage into the Indian Seas, in consequence of a proposal he made to the French minister about three years since, the issue of which was, that he discovered a new passage from the Isle of France to the coast of Coromandel and China, which shortened the voyage near 2000 leagues. This important circumstance was a short time since, by order of the French king, laid before the royal academy of sciences at Paris, the members of which, after examining the chevalier's journals, &c. gave as their opinion his discovery would turn out of great utility in the nautical world, as the new route was not only practicable during the latter monsoon, or from October to April, but that it was free from any remarkable danger, even if a large fleet should attempt it.

Letters from Constantinople say, that they are in act dread of a visit from the Russians since their ill success in the two last engagements, when they were obliged to repass the Danube with very great loss of brave officers as well as soldiers.

They write from Toulon, that the armaments at that port, which have been discontinued some months, are again ordered to be continued by direction of the superintendants of a marine department, but on what account they are commenced is difficult to determine.

The wheat harvest is remarkably fine about Grayes in Essex, and so forward, that it is expected to be all got in by Sunday evening, if the weather should continue fine.

Saturday morning the finest pieces of roasting beef were sold in Newgate market at 2s. 8d. the stone, and other meat much cheaper.

August 31. Letters from Lisbon, by the Gibraltar man of war, Capt. Rich, who arrived last Friday at Portsmouth, bring an account that the court of Spain have demanded of the court of Portugal a fleet of men of war, which are to consist of ten sail of the line and five frigates, to assist them against the Moors; which demand is to be complied with upon certain conditions, that they pay the officers and sailors their wages, and that as soon as the war is finished with the Barbarians, they send home their ships, and not employ them against any European power.

Extract of a letter from Jamaica, July 16.

"The Spaniards still continue fortifying and strengthening every place of theirs in the West-Indies, and America, especially on the Islands of Cuba, and Hispaniola, where new fortifications and works are raising up daily, and several bodies of troops have lately arrived there from old Spain. The Spanish naval force now in the West-Indies, is known to amount to thirty ships of the line, most of them large vessels besides frigates, sloops, &c. In short, the Spaniards seem resolved (if not to act on the offensive part) to be every way in a state of defence."

Lord Chatham, we hear, has had a Prussian nobleman upon a visit to him for some weeks, and it is said they have been travelling about the country together.

It is reported that the late Lord Littleton has left several valuable tracts on different subjects, which it is hoped will be given to the publick when collected together.

Orders are given from the war office for a general muster and return of the militia in every county of this kingdom, and for all vacancies in them to be immediately filled up.

Extract of a letter from Spithead, Aug. 29.

"This morning arrived here, with an express from Jamaica, the Princess Amelia man of war, Sir Thomas Berkley commander, who immediately set out for London. And the same day arrived the Adriatick, Capt. Max, and the Fox, Capt. Norman, both transports from Quebec."

By a private letter from St. Anne's in Jamaica we learn, that their sugar crops were never more favourable than this year; that they will load, before the 25th of July, double the number of ships they had ever done before; and that next year there will be opened two additional shipping ports.

Sept. 1. Some very important matters are on the carpet, the affairs of the powers on the continent are coming to a crisis, and it seems as if our court doubted it may be a disagreeable one. All the foreign governors are ordered to their stations, and are preparing to depart, and the ambassador to France is in motion.

It is confidently reported at Paris that the Spaniards have declared to the French court their absolute intentions of assisting the Turks, even in case that court should refuse their concurrence.

We hear that a certain American governor concluded a letter which he lately wrote to one of the secretaries of state with these remarkable words, "I now perceive nothing will re establish my authority, therefore I beg to be recalled, and that speedily, otherwise I may probably be soon called to another world."

Within this week, we are told, orders have been sent to our ambassadors now resident at all the European courts, to spare no pains or expences to discover every tranlaction that may be likely to affect Great-Britain, and to send the earliest intelligence of it here.

They write from Lille, that a young lady of immense fortune has just escaped from a convent there with her confessor.

We hear that an additional duty, almost amounting to a prohibition, will be laid on French wines of all kinds imported into this kingdom.

A letter from Turin, dated July 6, says, "On the 25th ult. at one o'clock in the afternoon, a magazine of powder, which the king of Sardinia keeps at Chamberry for the use of the public, took fire, and though it contained but six barrels, the explosion was so great that part of the city walls, and several neighbouring houses, at fifty yards distance, were thrown down, many others were shaken, eighteen persons perished in the ruins, and numbers were very much wounded."

A gentleman who left Dublin on Tuesday se'nnight gives an account of a very great riot that happened there the day before. The Irish manufacturers (connived at by the masters) have for some time past behaved with great insolence to those who wore cloaths of any other than their own manufacture. Ladies have had muslin gowns cut to pieces in the streets. Several gentlemen, with nankeen waistcoats and breeches, have had both cut to pieces, and obliged to go home naked. One day the week before the rioters stopped a post-chaise, and took out a gentleman from between two ladies, and after disrobing him of his nankeen waistcoat and breeches, put him into the chaise again. Such has been the exploits for a week or two past; but that day it was resolved to make a public procession, and figures were dressed up representing Captain Nankeen and Miss Muslin. The figures were carried through the streets of Dublin, attended by a most riotous and insolent mob, in order to be hanged at the common gallows. The military were called out to keep the peace, and the lord mayor at their head met the rioters in Francis street. Nothing could prevail upon them to disperse, and at last some of them (for great numbers were armed with pistols and cutlasses) fired upon the soldiers. The sword was then given, and the soldiers fired and killed seven upon the spot, and wounded twelve others, who are not expected to live.—The gentleman from whom we have this intelligence saw the dead carried off. The mob afterwards broke the windows of one of the sheriffs, and a guard of Highlanders were posted at the mayor's house, to prevent the like outrage there.

Orders are given to the commanding officers of the three regiments of foot guards for compleating the same to their full establishment, in the room of the old men, who have been lately discharged from their service.

Two Spanish men of war, and six galleons richly laden, are arrived at Cadiz.

Such has been the emigration from Ireland of late, on account of the great decrease of the linen manufacture, &c. that we are informed, by a gentleman of veracity just arrived from Philadelphia, that in the course of last year there have been landed there, from only two ports in the north of Ireland, no less than 12,000 families.

Sept. 2. The Spaniards know no better method to oppress and harass the rich kingdom of Naples, than by erecting several courts of justice, with a small pension to such as sit at the head of them; so that they are tempted to take bribes, keep causes undecided, encourage law-suits, and do all they can to fleece the people, in order to support their own dignity. There cannot be a better scheme to drain Bengal of the last rupee, than to send among a licentious and luxurious people, a set of wrangling lawyers, who will soon share the wealth of the province with the directors of the India company and their servants.

Our great and wise ministers are at length, it is said, brought to their senses; the warm opposition their measures have met with on the other side of the water, compelling them to acknowledge that they have strained the bow far beyond their original intention.

However the good-natured part of the public may be disposed to wish an accommodation between a royal northern pair, it is asserted by the knowing ones, that no such step has ever yet been in contemplation, nor from the nature of things ever can be effected.

It is said, from private dispatches, that the late successful attack of the Turks on a part of the Russian forces, has so abundantly raised their spirits as to bid fair for future victories.

The Czarina, whose pride and ambition is gratified by having herself considered as the sole agitator of the present martial manœuvres on the continent, is nevertheless, we are assured, merely a cat's paw to a certain artful and high-reaching monarch, who has been heard to boast of his talents for fomenting and appeasing national differences at will.

ANNAPOLIS, NOVEMBER 25.

The English prints, with which we have been favoured by the packet, give an account of the safe arrival of the Annapolis at her moorings the 31st of August. Captain Eden writes his intention of sailing again for this province about the 25th of September, he may be therefore hourly expected. Should he arrive safe, and the weather keep open, the Annapolis will soon sail again for England, and return here early in the summer.

By the papers of the 1st of September we are informed also, that the Richmond, Captain Love, was arrived safe at Dover, with whom were passengers Col. Sharpe, our late governor, and Mrs. Ogle.

ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS REWARD.

LOST, and supposed to be STOLEN,

A LARGE folio book, covered with green vellum, containing part of the inestimable records of the Honour Club——Whoever finds the said record, provided he is not a member, and brings it to Mrs. Howard at the coffee-house, close sealed up, and makes oath before some magistrate that he or she came honestly by it, and that they have neither inspected the contents, nor suffered any other person so to do, shall receive the above reward, or fifty pounds sterling for the book, and no questions asked——

By order of the club,

THE SECRETARY.

Annapolis, November 25, 1773.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Walter Dulany, Esq; deceased, are requested to make immediate payment; those indebted by bonds or notes, who cannot comply with the above, are desired to renew without loss of time, as otherwise they will be put in suit. They who have any claims are to bring them in proved as the law directs, to

3w DANIEL DULANY, jun. administrator.

Annapolis, November 25, 1773.

ALL persons who have any demands against the estate of Robert Pinkney, late of this city, deceased, are desired to bring their accounts in legally proved, that they may be adjusted, and all those indebted to the said estate, are desired to make immediate payment, to

PRISCILLA PINKNEY, Administratrix.
JONATHAN PINKNEY, Administrator.

N. B. The times of several valuable Tailors to be disposed of.

Anne-Arundel county, November 22, 1773.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the land advertised in this gazette, No. 1468, to be sold by Nathaniel Waters on the 27th instant, will not be sold at the time therein mentioned, but put off to a future day, when notice thereof will be given.

Herring-bay, November 22, 1773.

THE schooner BALTIMORE will fail for Philadelphia about the 5th of December next, and is to return from thence immediately: any gentlemen having goods to bring from there to Patuxent, or any part near this place, by leaving their orders with Mr. William Wilkins at Annapolis, or Mr. Hollingsworth of Philadelphia, may depend on having them punctually executed, by

Their humble servants,

4w WERMS and MORTON.

November 22, 1773.

THERE is at the plantation of Mr. John Hammond, situate mid-way between the head of Severn and Elk-Ridge, taken up as a stray, a small black mare, about 12 hands high, branded on the near shoulder thus H, which paces, trots and gallops, and appears to be about 5 years old. The owner may have her again, on proving property and paying charges.

3w JAMES WATTS.

Anne-Arundel county, November, 23, 1773.

THERE is at the plantation of James Wallingford, taken up as a stray, a bay horse, about 12 and an half hands high, 10 years old, branded on the near shoulder and buttock O, has a standing mane, several white spots on his back, paces, trots and gallops. The owner may have him again, proving property and paying charges. w3

November 18, 1773.

By the committee of grievances and courts of justice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the committee will attend every day, during this session, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at the assembly room, in order to hear such matters as may come properly before them.

Signed by order of the committee,

JOHN COURTS JONES, Clk.

November 10, 1773.

Agreeable to a power from Henry Truman, to be sold by the subscriber, on the premises, the second Tuesday in December next, to the highest bidder, for sterling cash, or good London bills of exchange,

A VALUABLE tract of land, containing within its boundaries about 300 acres, lying in the lower part of Prince George's county, on which is a tolerable good dwelling house with two brick chimnies, and other out houses, a good orchard, and a quantity of exceeding good meadow land.

w3 ALEX. HOWARD MAGRUDER.

Charles county, November 10, 1773.

To be sold, for cash and good London bills, on Wednesday the eighth day of December next, at the late dwelling plantation of Gerard Neal, deceased, in Cob-Neck,

A PARCEL of very likely country born slaves, consisting of men, women, boys and girls, and among them a good house carpenter. The sale to begin at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and continue till all are sold.

w3 ANN NEAL, executrix.

To be sold, for ready money or short credit, on the first day of December next, at the late dwelling plantation of John White, deceased, on the head of South river, near Ducker's mill,

A PARCEL of houshold furniture, horses, cattle, hogs, sheep tobacco and corn, &c. The sale to begin at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and continue till all are sold.

JOSHUA RIDGELY, } administrators.
tw CORNELIUS BARRY, }

N. B. All persons indebted to the said estate are desired to make immediate payment, and those who have accounts against the same are desired to bring them in regularly proved, that they may be settled.

THE subscriber takes this method to inform the publick, that he has furnished himself with every thing necessary for the accomodation of travellers and others, and has opened a tavern on the north side of Severn river, in the house formerly kept by Mr. Page; where his best endeavours shall be exerted to oblige all who may think proper to favour him with their custom.

4w JOHN ROWLINS.

N. B. Said Rowlins and Barnes, carry on their business as usual, and hope for encouragement from the public.

FOR LONDON,

The ship MORNING STAR, George Dempster master, lying at Baltimore,

TAKES in tobacco on liberty of consignment, at seven pounds per ton. For freight or passage apply to

w3 JAMES CHRISTIE, junior.

THERE is at the plantation of George Sexton, near Frederick-Town in Frederick county, a small white mare, branded on the near shoulder SH, on the off thigh M, shod before, had a small bell and a pair of iron fetters on. The owner may have her, proving property and paying charges.

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY

For raising the sum of two hundred and fix pounds five shillings, to be laid out in building a market-house in Chester-Town, and in repairing the town wharf, and erecting ferry stairs for the convenience of the public passing to and from Queen-Anne's county.

No. of Prizes.		Dollars.		Dollars.
1	of	1000	is	1000
1		500		500
2		250		500
4		100		400
10		50		500
50		20		1000
100		10		1000
800		5		4000
968 Prizes.			First drawn	50
1282 Blanks.			Last drawn	50
2250 Tickets, at 4 dollars each, are				9000

But a little more than one and a quarter blanks to a prize.

Fifteen per cent. to be deducted for the above purposes.

The necessity of repairing the town wharf, and building ferry stairs, for the convenience of the public, will be readily acknowledged——and the ruinous condition of the market-house, must induce every friend to the prosperity of the town or country, not only to wish, but to assist, in having it removed, and a neat and convenient edifice erected in its room. To effect these good purposes the above scheme is offered,——and it is presumed a lottery so favourable to the adventurers, and instituted for such good designs, cannot fail to meet with the favour and patronage of the public.

The drawing is to begin on the 22d day of February next, at the court-house in Chester-town, under the inspection of the following gentlemen, who are appointed managers, and will give bond, and be on oath faithfully to discharge the trust reposed in them, viz. Thomas Smyth, Eleanor M'Comb, Col. Richard Lloyd, John Maxwell, John Voorhees, James Hynson, John Page, Jeremiah Nicols, Thomas Ringgold, William Sluby, jun. and Dr. William Bordley. As soon as the drawing is finished, the fortunate numbers will be published in the Annapolis, Baltimore and Philadelphia news papers, and the Prizes paid by the respective managers who signed the tickets.

Tickets may be had of the managers, and of Messieurs Gilpin and Janey of Kent county, of Messieurs Richard Tilghman Earle, & Co. of Mess. Hopper and Kent, and of Mr. Robert Brown, of Queen-Anne's county, of Mr. John Clapham, and Mr. Charles Wallace, at Annapolis, and of Mr. James Cheston, at Baltimore.

WILLIAM AIKMAN,
BOOKSELLER and STATIONER,
ANNAPOLIS,

Has just imported, in the Betsey and Molly, Captain Nicholson,

A LARGE collection of BOOKS on instructive and ornamental literature, containing a general assortment of all the English classicks, histories, religion, miscellanies, voyages, essays, novels, 150 different plays, Latin and English school books, and all kinds of stationary——To be sold at the London prices, for cash only.

Books bound and re-bound in the neatest manner and at the most reasonable rates. Paper ruled and bound for ledgers, journals, &c. upon return if not done according to directions.

W. A. takes this opportunity of returning his most grateful thanks to the public for the great encouragement his circulating library has met with. The library at present consists of upwards of 1200 volumes; there will be a large addition of the new publications and periodical papers subjoined to the catalogue upon the arrival of the first ship from London; and such additions will be made from time to time, as will render the Annapolis library upon a footing, if not superior, to any circulating library on the continent. Books lent out by the year, quarter, month, or night, at the prices affixed in the catalogue.

N. B. A considerable allowance will be given to dealers who take books in quantities. A large parcel of common bibles, and a few dozens best coloured balludine thread, to be sold in wholesale. 3w

RAN away from the subscriber, about 18 month ago, a lusty strong negro man named Hammets about 23 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, his nose and upper lip grow closer together than common, owing to a hurt he had when a boy; he is supposed to frequent the quarters of Messr. Edward Gantt and Samuel Parran in Calvert county, as he has a brother at each of those places. Whoever takes up the said negro and brings him to the subscriber living near Benedict-town on Patuxent river, shall receive a reward of five pounds currency from

6w JOHN PERRIE.

Saint Mary's county, Nov. 21, 1773.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, a mulatto man, who says his name is Jack, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, has on and with him, one white shirt, much mended, one homespun shirt, much worn, one homespun check shirt, one pair of osnaburg trowsers, one pair of osnaburg breeches, yarn hose, a pair of old shoes, an old hat, and says he belongs to Robert Dorman of Richmond county, Virginia. Apprehended by Sorrell, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 4 inches high; has on and with him, two osnaburg shirts, one white ditto, one blue coat with metal buttons, country made fustian jacket, a pair of osnaburg breeches, a pair of old fustian ditto, yarn hose, a pair of old shoes, a felt hat bound with worsted binding, and says he belongs to Richard Mitchell of Lancaster county, Virginia. Their masters are desired to pay charges and take them away.

3w HUGH HOPEWELL, sheriff.

October 28, 1773.

STOLE out of the subscriber's pasture, on Tuesday the 14th of September, a black horse, about thirteen hands and a half high, four years old, branded on the near buttock C H; he has a large star, and was with foal when taken away. Whoever will bring her to the subscriber shall have 20 shillings reward.

CLEMENT HILL.

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED or stolen out of Joseph Ennall's pasture, in Dorchester county, on Saturday night the 16th of October, 1773, a likely sorrel horse, about 14 hands high, 6 or 7 years old, with a large blaze in his face, both hind feet white half up the legs, hanging mane, switch tail, paces and gallops. Whoever will bring the said horse to the subscriber, at Ennall's ferry, in the said county, shall receive the above reward of eight dollars, all reasonable charges, paid by

wd JOSEPH ENNALL.

Annapolis, Sept. 19, 1773.

RAN away from the subscriber, last night about eight o'clock, an indented servant man, named Thomas Hoskins, lately imported in the Lovely Kitty, Capt. Coltwell Howard, is a bricklayer by trade, a stout well set man, about 28 years of age, pitted with the small-pox, wears his own hair, and is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high; took with him a jacket and breeches of light coloured bearskin, with osnabrig lining; he took also a new felt hat, a red lined under jacket, dark blue yarn stockings, and copper buckles; he has a discharge from the army in the name of John Holloway, and without doubt will go by that name; he says he has a brother in Philadelphia, and 'tis supposed will make that way; 'tis thought he has a forged pass. Whoever takes up the said servant and delivers him to the subscriber, or secures him in any jail so that he may get him again, shall receive five pounds reward, besides what the law allows.

WILLIAM BUCKLAND.

A MAN that understands farming and making meadow, that will undertake the care of 12 hands, and bring proper recommendations of his knowledge and fidelity, may meet with encouragement, by applying to

tf DANIEL of SAINT THOMAS JENIFER.

TO BE LET

THE house and out houses lately the Rev. Mr. Neill's, on Wye river, Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, together with a large garden, and two grass lots in front, between the house and the river. The house is well built, of good brick, 35 feet square, two stories, four rooms on each floor, with a commodious garret. A brick kitchen, 41 by 25, five rooms below, three above, very conveniently laid out for several useful purposes, three fireplaces below, and one above. A negro house, poultry house, stable, chaise house, and corn house. There are two orchards of very fine fruit, of which the tenant may have abundantly sufficient for every use for his family. The situation is high, dry, healthy and very beautiful, being in full view of all the shipping trading in the river, and several fine seats. It has the advantages of very good fishing, fowling, and fine oysters; in a good neighbourhood, about seven miles below the road from Philadelphia to Annapolis. A family at this place may either be quite retired, or enjoy the company of an agreeable set of acquaintance.

It should seem to be particularly suitable to a gentleman of either of the genteel professions, who has a family.

Apply to the subscriber at his dwelling house near and in full view of the above.

E. TILGHMAN.

4w

N. B. A very fine cellar under the whole in three divisions, very well contrived.

Annapolis, October 12, 1773.

THE subscriber understanding book-keeping in all its various methods, would be glad to appropriate the evenings of the ensuing season to posting or settling any merchant's or tradesman's books, or engrossing of writings for any private gentleman, or others, in any of the hands practised in England.

Those who may have occasion, and think proper to employ him, may depend on their business being executed in a neat and correct manner, by

Their humble servant,

GEORGE RANKIN.

3w

RAN away the 2d of October 1773, from the subscriber, living in Prince-George's county, not far from Magruder's warehouse, a mulatto fellow called Lin, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, has been accustomed to wear his hair tied behind in a cue or club, he has a down look, speaks pretty good English, has a scar or depression on his forehead, occasioned by a blow, it is situated so high above his eyebrows that it may be easily covered with his hat; a small piece has been taken out of the gristly part of one of his ears by the bite of a horse: he took with him and may be supposed to wear, a blue duffil coat without lining, trimmed with basket buttons, a striped silk jacket, a pair of drilling and a pair of buckin breeches. Whoever secures the said fellow so that the owner may get him again, shall receive three pounds reward, besides what the law allows.

w4 JAMES TRUMAN.

THE Land office issue warrants as formerly, and all persons who have made application for warrants or any kind of business in that office, are desired to apply, that they may not lose the benefit of such application.

Signed per order,
WILLIAM STEUART, C. L. Off.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the Molly and Betsey, Captain Nicholson, from London, and to be sold, by the subscribers, at their store on the dock, in Annapolis, on very reasonable terms, for cash or short credit.

A NEAT and general assortment of European and East-India goods.

WALLACE DAVIDSON and JOHNSON

AMERICAN MAGAZINE.

THOSE gentlemen and ladies, who incline to encourage the publication of the Royal American Magazine, are hereby informed, that the subscription papers will be returned to the intended publisher in a few days, in order that he may ascertain the number subscribed for. Subscriptions are taken in by the printers hereof.

N. B. The introduction to the Royal American Magazine (or number I. to be ornamented with two elegant copper-plate prints) will be published on the first day of January next.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.
October 10, 1773.

RAN away from the subscriber, living near Annapolis, an Irish indented servant lad, named James Garland, about 18 years old, 5 feet 6 inches high, pretty well made, has short brown hair, fresh complexion, but now pale, having had fevers for some time, and is pock marked: had on, a felt hat, fearnought jacket, and osnabrig shirt and trousers.

Whoever takes up and secures the said servant, so that his master gets him again, shall receive, if taken 10 miles from home, forty shillings currency; and if out of the province, the above reward, paid by

BRICE T. B. WORTHINGTON.

Anne-Arundel county, October 18, 1773.

To be sold at publick sale, on Saturday the 27th day of November next, if fair, if not, the next fair day, for sterling money, bills of exchange, or current money at an exchange to be agreed on at the day of sale,

A VALUABLE plantation, containing 211 acres, 40 of which is meadow, about 10 of salt marsh, 50 of wood land, and the rest very good for wheat or tobacco. Great part of this land is very level, and has within these few years been greatly improved by mud hauled out of the creeks at low tides and laid on it, which is easily done, the place being nearly surrounded by water. There are good landings all round the land, and plenty of oysters, fish and wild fowl. A clear title will be made to the purchaser, on payment of the money, or long credit for one half if required. I would advise any person inclinable to purchase, to view the land before the day of sale, as some pains has been taken to prejudice the sale, by sundry persons, with a view to purchase it at a low price. The whole is under good fence, and lies on Rhode river, within seven miles of Annapolis. Nathaniel Waters who lives on the premises will shew the land to any one on application, and inform them of any particulars relative to the land.

To be sold, on Wednesday the 8th day of December next,

A TRACT of land, containing about 100 Acres, lying in Prince-George's county, within three miles of Piscataway, on which is a good brick dwelling-house, with a kitchen, meat-house, a fifty feet tobacco-house, corn-house, &c. all in good repair, with a young orchard; to be sold at public or private sale, for good bills, cash, or short credit with security. The title is indisputable.

4w JOHN CLAVOR, sen.

St. Mary's county, October 18, 1773.

To be sold for ready money and good London bills, on Tuesday the 14th day of December next, at the late dwelling plantation of Mr. John Francis Taney, deceased, near Cole's creek, on Patuxent river,

A PARCEL of very likely country born slaves, consisting of men, women, boys and girls, some of which are from three to nine and ten years old. The sale to begin at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and to continue two, three, or four days, by

ELIZA TANEY, Administratrix,
t s N. LEWIS SEWALL, Administrator.

August 18, 1773.

RAN away from the subscriber, near Elk Ridge church, the 8th inst. an English convict servant, named Edmund Nunn, about 5 feet 8 inches high, 21 years of age, well made, fair complexion, gray eyes, wears his hair, one of his teeth stands further forward than the others: had on when he went away, an osnabrig shirt, roll trousers, felt hat, and coarse new shoes: he pretends to know the duties of a sailor, may have changed his name, and forged or otherwise fraudulently obtained a pass.—Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that he may be had again, shall have if 30 miles from home, three pounds, if out of the province five pounds (including what the law allows) and reasonable charges if brought home.

tf THOMAS SAPPINGTON.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the Molly and Betsey, Captain Nicholson, from London; in the Restoration, Captain Thomas, from Bristol, and to be sold by the subscribers, at their store on the dock, in Annapolis, by wholesale or retail, on reasonable terms, for cash, wheat, Indian corn, or short credit,

A NEAT assortment of European and East-India goods; and to be sold as usual, spirits, rum, Madeira wine, molasses, sugar, best hyson, and bohea teas, coffee, chocolate, jar raisins and currants, fine Poland starch, best fig and powder blue, soap, candles, myrtle wax, barrelled pork, tar, bar iron, &c. &c.

6w THOMAS C. WILLIAMS and co.

SPRIGGS and DONALDSON,
TAILORS and STAY-MAKERS in ANNAPOLIS.

TAKE this method to acquaint the publick, that they have just imported, a large quantity of the best materials for stays; and flatter themselves they can give as great satisfaction to those ladies and gentlemen who please to favour them with their commands as any of the trade, as they have had many years experience, both in London and Paris. Ladies riding habits laced and plain made in the newest fashion, and all orders executed on the shortest notice: as we have before advertised to make stays for ready money only we must beg of those who are indebted for the same to make immediate payment. 5w

N. B. As one Joseph Delaforce, by trade a cabinet-maker, was convicted to this country upwards of two years past, the ship consigned to Messrs. Devenport, Strather, and Lane, merchants in Prince-Williams county, Virginia: the said Joseph Delaforce is desired if living, to direct a line as above, and he will hear of something to his advantage, or any person knowing him to be dead, a line from them will be esteemed a particular favour.

ANY gentleman, who is qualified to teach the classicks, by applying to the visitors of King Williams school, in the city of Annapolis, will be treated with on the following terms. His annual stipend to be £.55 sterling certain, and £.5 currency to be paid by each scholar in the latin school: to a person, who shall be capable of discharging the office of usher, will be given £.30 sterling per annum certain, and £.2:10 currency paid by each scholar as abovementioned: to a scribe, who can teach English, writing, and arithmetick, will be given £.6 sterling certain per annum, with every advantage arising from the scholars he instructs, and liberty to make his own bargain with their parents. There are very good apartments in the house, besides those appropriated for the use of the scholars with a good kitchen and cellar: these being entirely for the use of the master, will render it a very comfortable place of residence. Any engagements the visitors enter into, cannot take place till the 3d day of April next, and to prevent trouble, it is to be hoped that no persons will make application who are not properly qualified to fill the abovementioned stations.

Signed by order,
tf JOHN DUCKETT, register.

WANTED,
A TANNER who can come well recommended, and as he will meet with good encouragement, none but such need apply. Enquire of the Printers. tf

FIFTEEN POUNDS REWARD.
May 20, 1773.

RAN away from the subscriber's plantation, in Frederick county, on the head of Bennett's creek, on the 17th inst. at night, a convict servant man, named William Flint, about 22 years of age, born in the west of England, a spare slim fellow, about 5 feet 8 inches high, of a swarthy complexion, short black hair, and has lost one of his fore teeth: he had on, and took with him, a white cotton jacket, brown cloth ditto much worn, a pair of leather breeches black and dirty, two white shirts, two pair of stockings and shoes, and a new felt hat; it's possible he may have changed his name and apparel, as he has a sum of money with him.

Whoever takes up the said servant, and brings him either to John Plummer, overseer on the above-said plantation, or to the subscriber living in Anne-Arundel county, near Elk-Ridge church, shall have the above reward for their trouble, besides what the law allows, paid by tf HENRY RIDGELY.

May 20, 1773.

In pursuance of a deed executed on the 18th day of May, 1773, by Messrs. John Barnes and Thomas How Ridgate, joint partners in trade, to us the subscribers, in trust for the payment of their debts in the manner in the said deed expressed, which deed is recorded among the records of Charles county,

NOTICE is hereby given to the country creditors of the said John Barnes and Thomas How Ridgate, and the holders of bonds and other specialties, and bills of exchange, actually and bona fide executed and drawn by the said John Barnes and Thomas How Ridgate, in the province of Maryland, that we have appointed the twenty-first day of February next, to meet the said creditors in the town of Port-Tobacco in Charles county, in the said province of Maryland, for the purpose of receiving their claims in writing against the said John Barnes and Thomas How Ridgate, joint partners in trade as aforesaid, and releases of the persons of the said John Barnes and Thomas How Ridgate. And that all those of the said creditors, who shall neglect or refuse to signify their claims in writing to us or one of us, or who shall neglect or refuse to release and acquit the persons of the said John Barnes and Thomas How Ridgate, in consideration of the benefits and advantages the said creditors are to receive under the said deed, on or before the said twenty-first day of February next, will be barred and excluded from all manner of benefit and advantage under the said trust deed, and the powers therein contained, according to the purport true intent and meaning thereof. JOHN ROGERS,
THOMAS STONE,
PHILIP RICHARD FENDALL.

TO BE SOLD, BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

THREE hundred acres of patent land, and about thirty acres leased land for ninety-nine years, all joined together, lying in Baltimore county, about ten miles from Bush-Town, on the main road that goes from Bush to York-Town, Pennsylvania, about twelve miles from Joppa, and about eighteen from Baltimore-Town; the land is good, and will suit either for farming, or planting tobacco; it is likewise well situated for a tavern or store, as it lies on the main road that all the waggons from the upper mills go to Baltimore-Town, and joins the land of Mr. Abraham Whitaker, where he now lives, who is building and letting lots to several people for keeping taverns and stores; it is well adapted for such business, as it lies in the heart of a settlement where there are large quantities of wheat made, and many merchant mills convenient; there are on the land two small plantations, on one of them a small dwelling house in middling good repair, a good barn, and a large apple orchard of good fruit, and bears well; on the other place there is a middling good large dwelling house in pretty good repair, and other convenient houses, and a small apple orchard of good fruit; there likewise may be made meadow enough to support the place with hay, without much trouble. Any person or persons inclinable to purchase, may see the above land by applying to Mr. Abraham Whitaker, or the subscriber.——Likewise to be sold, a large two story brick dwelling house in the town of Joppa, on a water lot; the house is almost new, has four rooms on a floor, and eight fire places, cellars under the whole, and a neat store made of one of the rooms, which is quite private from the other part of the house, and now rented to Walter Tolley, jun. Esq; Any person inclinable to purchase the aforesaid house and lot, may know the terms by applying to the subscriber living in the fork of Gunpowder, near Joppa. The title of the whole indisputable.

JOHN HAMOND DORSEY.

THERE is at the plantation of Henry Snowden, in Prince-George's county, a dark brindle steer yearling, marked with a slant piece cut out of the top of the right ear, and a crop in the left. The owner may have him again, proving property and paying charges. 3w

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE GREEN and SON.